Retrieval Vocabulary

borders, colonies, democracy, dictator, dominion, economy, empire, invasion, past, persecution, treaty

Key Unit Vocabulary

Alliance - a union between countries for mutual benefit

Allies - cooperation between two or more parties

Annex - to add to ones territory

Appeasement - the process of trying to stop someone doing something by giving them what they want Anti-Semite - a person prejudice against the Jews Conspiracy Theory - to believe that someone planned an unexplained event

Death Toll - the number of deaths resulting from a particular cause

Demoralise - to cause someone to lose confidence or

Evacuation - the act of removing someone from danger

Morale - the confidence, enthusiasm, and discipline of a person or group

Neutral - not supporting either side

Propaganda - information, especially of a biased or misleading nature, used to promote a political cause or point of view

Reparations - the act of making amends for something that was wrong

Totalitarianism - a dictatorial system of government

Tyranny - oppressive rule

Weaponry - weapons

Examples of British propaganda from WWII.



Year 6 Spring Unit: London at War

Enquiry Question: What role did propaganda play in World war II?

<u>Historical Concept:</u> evidence, change and continuity, similarities and differences

Key Unit Facts

- Germany surrendered World War I in 1918 and had to pay reparations to France and other countries.
- In 1933, Adolf Hitler took power in Germany leading the National Socialists Party.
- In 1939, Hitler invaded Poland, which caused Britain and France to declare war on Germany.
- Winston Churchill replaced Neville Chamberlain as Prime Minister in May 1940.
- During the Blitz, London was bombed for fifty-seven consecutive nights.
 The worst hit part of London was the Docklands area.
- One million women, children, elderly and disabled people were evacuated from London during WWII.
- Japan was reluctant to surrender, so the USA decided to use the atomic bomb to force their surrender. Two of these were dropped; one on Hiroshima (August 6th 1945) and Nagasaki (August 9th 1945).



During the Blitz, 180,000 Londoners sheltered in the London Underground.

World War I July 1914 -November 1918

Hitler invades Poland 1st September Evacuation begins September 1939

Rationing is introduced in Britain January 1940 Victory in Europe (VE Day) 8th May 1945

Unit Timeline

Hitler becomes Chancellor of Germany 1933 Britain declares War on Germany September 3rd 1939 The Blitz September 1940 – May 1941 Victory in Japan (VJ Day) 15th August 1945



Bird in Bush Primary School History Knowledge Organiser Spring Unit