Key Year 2 Scientific **Plants** Skills Asking simple questions and recognise that they can be answered in different ways Observe closely, using simple equipment Perform simple tests Identify and classify Using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions Gather and record data to help in answering questions

Year 2 Science Summer 2 Unit - Plants



Lesson Sequence



Know the differences between seeds and bulbs



2. Design an experiment to find out what plants need to grow



3. Describe what plants need to grow and stay healthy



4. Describe the life cycle of a plant



5. Observe and record the growth of plants over time



6. Understand that plants adapt to suit their environment

What Plants Need to Grow

Plants need water to survive. Plants get water through their roots.

Plants need the right **temperature** to grow.

Plants need **sunlight** to help them grow and make their own food.

Plants need **room** to grow. Plants need time to grow. It can take days, months or even years for them to grow.



Progression of Knowledge

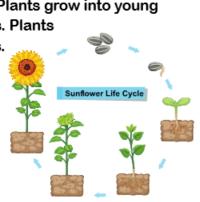
Unit	YEAR 1	YEAR 2	YEAR 3
Plants	Identify and name a variety of common and wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees Identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees	Observe and describe how seeds and bulbs into mature plants Find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy	Identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers Explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant Investigate the way in which water is transported within plants Explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal

Rocket Words



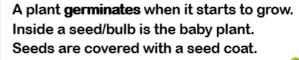
Plants begin life as **seeds or bulbs**. They need soil, air and water to grow. Plants grow into young plants called **seedlings**. Plants grow **flowers and fruits**.

grow flowers and from These produce seeds. When the plant is pollinated, the seeds find their soil. The process starts again!



	Nochet Words		
	photosynthesis	the process in which green plants use sunlight to make their own food	
carbon dioxide plants use this to make their own		plants use this to make their own food in a process called photosynthesis	
	oxygen	one of the main gases that make up air	
	glucose	a sugar that plays a vital role in the metabolism of most living organisms	
	pollination	the process that allows plants to reproduce	
	germination	the process by which a plant grows from a seed	
	crop	a plant or plant product that is grown and harvested	
J	forests	places where there are mostly trees	

Life Cycle of a Plant



Seeds need the right conditions to grow. Seeds need water, air and the right temperature to grow.

Bird in Bush Primary School Science Knowledge Organiser 2023—2024

Knowledge Organiser adapted from the Developing Experts Science Scheme