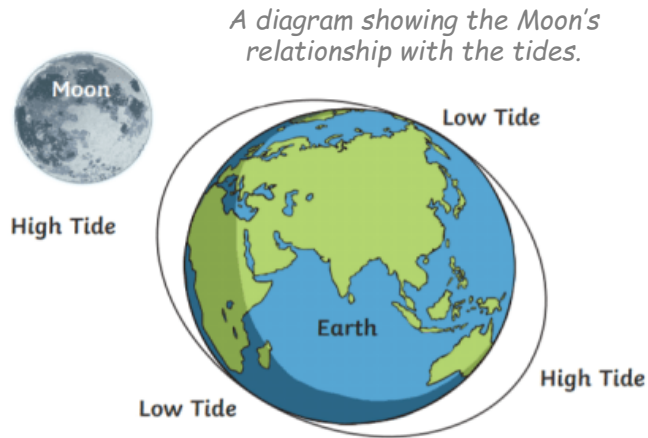


Retrieval Unit Vocabulary

body of water, cliff, lake, location, ocean, river, sea, transport



New Unit Vocabulary

Beach - a pebbly or sandy shore

Coastline - the land along a coast

Dock - an enclosed area of water in a port

Erode - to gradually wear away

Harbour - a place on the coast where ships may be anchored safely

High tide - when the tide is at its highest level

Lighthouse - a tower containing a beacon light to guide ships

Low tide - when the tide is at its lowest level

Orbit - the curved path of an object around a star, planet or moon

Seawater - water taken from the sea

Year 2 Summer Unit: Coastlines

Enquiry Question: What makes a coastal settlement different to an inland settlement?

Geographical Concepts: boundaries, cartography, transport, physical geography, settlements

Primary Focus - Human and Physical Geography

In this unit, Year 2 will learn to use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to key human and physical features.

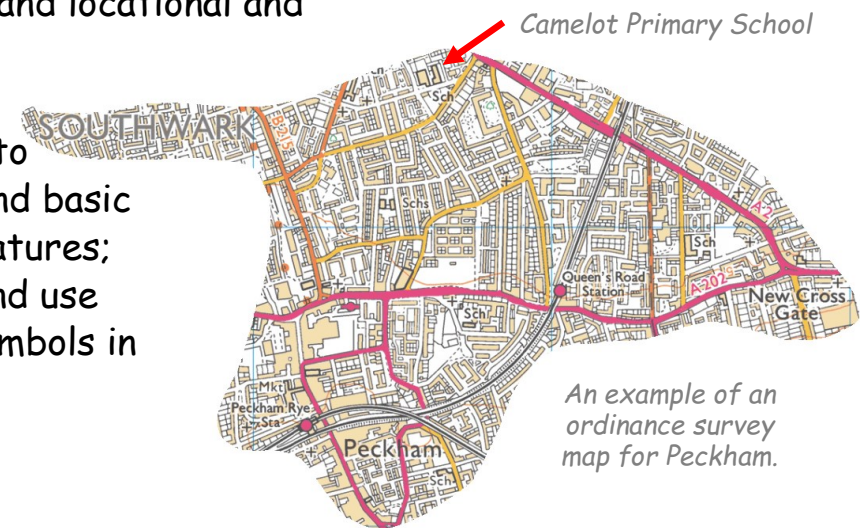
Secondary Focus - Geography Skills and Fieldwork

In this unit, Year 2 will learn to

- use simple compass directions (north, south, east and west) and locational and directional language;
- use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key.



The white-cliffs of Dover - a famous stretch of English coastline in the Southeast of England.



An example of an ordinance survey map for Peckham.